IN THE CLAIMS

Please amend the claims as indicated below.

1. (currently amended) A process for making a composite structural member, comprising: providing a preform of a composite material with a reinforcement material in a polymer matrix;

flowing an electrical current with a voltage across the preform to substantially melt the polymer matrix; and

cooling the composite material to form a composite structural member; and compressing the composite material while flowing the electrical current and while cooling.

- 2. (original) The process of claim 1, wherein the reinforcement material comprises electrically-conductive fibers.
- 3. (original) The process of claim 1, wherein the polymer matrix comprises a thermoplastic polymer.
 - 4. (original) The process of claim 1, including regulating the current and the voltage.
- 5. (original) The process of claim 4, including maintaining the voltage within the range of about 2 to about 250 Volts
- 6. (original) The process of claim 4, including maintaining the current within the range of about 10 microamperes to about 100 amperes.
- 7. (original) The process of claim 1, including maintaining the current and voltage for about 1 second to about 3 minutes.
- 8. (currently amended) The method of claim 1, further including compressing the composite material while flowing the electrical current and while cooling at a pressure ranging from about 0.7 to about 4.1 MPa.
- 9. (currently amended) A process for making a composite structural member, comprising:

providing a preform of a composite material comprising conductive fibers in a thermoplastic polymer matrix;

flowing an electrical current with a voltage across the preform to substantially melt the polymer matrix; and

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cooling the composite material to form a composite structural member; and compressing the composite material while flowing the electrical current and while cooling.

10. (original) A process for making a composite structural member, comprising:

providing a preform of a composite material comprising conductive fibers in a thermoplastic polymer matrix;

flowing an electrical current of about 10 microamperes to about 100 amperes with a voltage of about 2 to about 250 volts across the preform to substantially melt the polymer matrix; and

cooling the composite material to form a composite structural member.

11. (currently amended) A composite structural member made by the method comprising:

providing a preform of a composite material with a reinforcement material in a polymer matrix:

flowing an electrical current with a voltage across the preform to substantially melt the polymer matrix; and

cooling the composite material to form a composite structural member; and

compressing the composite material while flowing the electrical current and while

cooling.

12. (currently amended) A composite structural member made by the method comprising:

providing a preform of a composite material comprising conductive fibers in a thermoplastic polymer matrix;

flowing an electrical current with a voltage across the preform to substantially melt the polymer matrix; and

cooling the composite material to form a composite structural member; and

compressing the composite material while flowing the electrical current and while

cooling.

13. (original) A composite structural member made by the method comprising:

providing a preform of a composite material comprising conductive fibers in a thermoplastic polymer matrix;



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flowing an electrical current of about 10 microamperes to about 100 amperes with a voltage of about 2 to about 250 volts across the preform to substantially melt the polymer matrix; and

cooling the composite material to form a composite structural member.

14. (currently amended) A process for heating a composite material, comprising:

providing a preform of a composite material with a reinforcement material in a polymer matrix; and

flowing an electrical current with a voltage across the preform to substantially melt the polymer matrix while compressing the composite preform.

- 15. (original) The process of claim 14, wherein the reinforcement material comprises electrically-conductive fibers.
- 16. (original) The process of claim 14, wherein the polymer matrix comprises a thermoplastic polymer.
 - 17. (original) The process of claim 14, including regulating the current and the voltage.
- 18. (original) The process of claim 17, including maintaining the voltage within the range of about 2 to about 250 volts.
- 19. (original) The process of claim 17, including maintaining the current within the range of about 10 microampers to about 100 amperes.
- 20. (original) The process of claim 14, including maintaining the current and voltage for about 1 second to about 3 minutes.
- 21. (currently amended) The method of claim 14, further including compressing the composite material while flowing the electrical current preform at a pressure ranging from about 0.7 to about 4.1 MPa.
 - 22. (currently amended) A process for heating a composite material, comprising:

providing a preform of a composite material comprising conductive fibers in a thermoplastic polymer matrix; and

flowing an electrical current with a voltage across the preform to substantially melt the polymer matrix while compressing the composite preform.

23. (original) A process for heating a composite material, comprising:

providing a preform of a composite material comprising conductive fibers in a thermoplastic polymer matrix; and

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flowing an electrical current of about 10 microamperes to about 100 amperes with a voltage of about 2 to about 250 volts across the preform to substantially melt the polymer matrix.

24. (currently amended) A composite structure made by the method comprising:

providing a preform of a composite material with a reinforcement material in a polymer matrix; and

flowing an electrical current with a voltage across the preform to substantially melt the polymer matrix while compressing the composite preform.

25. (currently amended) A composite structure made by the method comprising:

providing a preform of a composite material comprising conductive fibers in a thermoplastic polymer matrix; and

flowing an electrical current with a voltage across the preform to substantially melt the polymer matrix while compressing the composite preform.

26. (original) A composite structure made by the method comprising:

providing a preform of a composite material comprising conductive fibers in a thermoplastic polymer matrix; and

flowing an electrical current of about 10 microamperes to about 100 amperes with a voltage of about 2 to about 250 volts across the preform to substantially melt the polymer matrix.

27. (original) An apparatus for heating a composite structure, comprising

means for supply an electrical current with a voltage;

means for controlling the electrical current;

means for controlling the voltage; and

means for flowing the current across a composite structure.

- 28. (original) The apparatus of claim 27, wherein the supplying means comprises a battery.
- 29. (original) The apparatus of claim 27, wherein the current controlling means comprises an analog or digital current controller.
- 30. (original) The apparatus of claim 27, wherein the voltage controlling means comprises an analog or digital voltage controller.
- 31. (original) The apparatus of claim 27, wherein the current controlling means and the voltage controlling means are combined in a single device.



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- 32. (original) The apparatus of claim 27, wherein the flowing means includes an electrical conducting means and an electrical connecting means.
- 33. (original) The apparatus of claim 32, wherein the electrical conducting means comprises electrical wiring.
 - 34. (original) A system for making a composite structure, comprising:

an apparatus for heating a composite material, comprising means for supply an electrical current with a voltage, means for controlling the electrical current, means for controlling the voltage, and means for flowing the current across a composite structure; and

means for compressing the composite material.



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